THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. XXIV. WEDNESDAY, November 8, 1809. No. 1206.

Pittsburgh: Printed by *John Scull*, in Market-Street, next door to the corner of Front-Street.

Pittsburgh Hotel,

SIGN OF THE

GLOBE.

J. N. BLAIR (widow of the late Doctor Blair, of Washington)

INFORMS the Inhabitants of Pittsburgh and Travellers, that she has open, as an INN for their reception, those commodious and elegant buildings, formerly occupied by *Mr. Spencer*, corner of Market and Second Streets.

As it is the anxious wish as well as intention of J. N. Blair to render her Inn worthy of this place (Pittsburgh) and as deserving of public patronage, as any similar establishment in the United States; she has in furniture, decorations of her apartments, contents of cellars, extent of stables, selection of waiters, domesticks, hostlers, &c. consulted the convenience and comfort of those who may honor her house with their custom.

J. N. BLAIR.

Pittsburgh, October 1, 1809.

☞ *BOARDERS by the week will be thankfully received.*

NOTICE.

THE public are hereby informed, that the subscriber, residing in Harmony, has lately erected, and has now in complete operation, with all the necessary machinery, a *FULLING MILL*, and is ready to receive business in that line. He pledges himself, from the perfect knowledge of fulling and dyeing, to execute business of that sort in the most compleat manner, on reasonable terms.

GEORGE RAPP and Society.

Harmony, September 26, 1809.

N. B. Cloth left with mr. George Sutton, merchant, Pittsburgh, will be punctually attended to, and returned every three or four weeks.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT or piece of Land containing 80 acres, or thereabouts, situate on Turtle creek and the great road leading to Philadelphia, and adjoins Myers Powell's tavern, about 12 miles from Pittsburgh. The greater part of it is first rate bottom. There is two cabins, about 30 acres of cleared land under good fence, and an excellent sugar camp on the premises. The terms of payment will be made easy.—For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.

JAMES POWELL.

October 27, 1809.

Just received at the Bookstore of

Joseph Parker,

In Wood Street, corner of Fourth Street, Pittsburgh.

THE HISTORY OF THE

Church of Christ;

BY JOSEPH MILNER, M. A.

In four volumes.

Volume first contains the three first centuries.

The History of the Christian Church is constructed on a new plan, of which the author in his introduction gives us the following account:

"It is certain that from our Saviour's time to the present, there have ever been persons whose dispositions and lives have been formed by the rules of the New Testament; men who have been real, not merely nominal Christians, who believed the doctrines of the gospel, loved them because of their divine excellency, and suffered gladly "the loss of all things, that they might win Christ, and be found in him."

The Christian Observer, in a very elaborate review of this work, after commenting on the author's piety, his firm reliance and future hopes in the gospel, and the manifestations of his interest in the welfare of his fellow creatures, thus concludes:

"On the whole we do not hesitate confidently and earnestly to recommend this history as a valuable addition to the library of every Christian; as a work in which instruction is happily blended with interesting narrative; which the young may be allured to read for the entertainment it affords, and which the advanced Christian will prize for the edification he may derive from it. The pious author has already entered into his rest, and is enjoying the fruit of his labours in a better world; but though dead, he yet speaketh, and we have no doubt will continue to speak to the improvement, comfort, and everlasting benefit of thousands."

Lectures on the Evidences of the Christian Religion;
By Samuel S. Smith, D. D.

Sermon on Baptism;
By Samuel S. Smith, D. D.

Hurd on the Prophecies.

The History of the World;
From the reign of Alexander to the Augustan Age. *By John Gillies. L. L. D. in 3 vols. 8vo.*

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the night of the 27th inst. from Jacob Wyrich's tavern, near Washington, when on his way to Kentucky, a negro man named WHITFIELD, about 23 years of age, near 6 feet high, slim made, with very white eyes, had on a blue surtout coat, jean pantaloons, and swansdown vest; he took with him a variety of cloathing, among which was a light grey coat and pantaloons; he carried his cloaths in a linen bag, and was seen crossing the *Monongahela* at Craig's ferry on Sunday morning the 29th. It is probable he may pass for a free man. Any person apprehending said negro, and securing him so that the owner may get him again, or deliver him to his master living in Fleming county, Kentucky, shall have the above reward and all reasonable charges paid by *BENJAMIN MILLER.*

October 30, 1809.

LANDS FOR SALE.

A Farm of 200 acres of Land on Thompson's run, on a branch of Turkle creek, Alleghenny county, 12 miles from Pittsburgh, and 2 miles north of the Philadelphia road, formerly owned by Robert Duff, and now in tenure of Moses and Thomas Dinsmore. The improvements are extensive and in good repair.

A Farm (in excellent order,) of 200 acres, now occupied by John Grubb, on Pine creek, 10 miles from Pittsburgh, and near the Butler road.

400 acres near the above in possession of Alexander M'Donald, who owns 100 thereof, and has authorised me to sell his part.

300 acres near the above settled by Jacob Grubb.

180 acres adjoining, (unimproved) part of a survey settled by Jacob Buckhart.

A well improved farm of 200 acres on Deer creek, 14 miles from Pittsburgh, near the Butler road, in tenure of Wm. Thompson.

A farm formerly owned by Alexander Hamilton, and from 200 to 800 acres of land of a superior quality, adjoining Neyman's mill on Connequenessing creek, Butler county, 4 and 1-2 miles from the county town, and 3 from the salt works, 70 acres cleared, and 12 of which is meadow. This may be made one of the best grazing farms in the western country.

That well known tavern stand, farm and tract of land, of 400 acres, now occupied by John Elliot, at the forks of the road from Pittsburgh to Erie, and from Butler to Mercer, near Slippery-rock creek: the land is of the best quality, the improvements large, and the situation most advantageous for a tavern, store, and extensive farm.

A tract of 405 acres (about 30 of which is cleared) situate on the east bank of French creek (Crawford county) 4 miles below Meadville, and on the state road to Mercer; the greater part rich bottom land.

Five tracts of land of 400 hundred acres each with valuable improvements, in Erie county, near the Lake; equal in quality and local advantages to any in the country. Apply to Thomas Rees, Esq. Erie.

Several tracts of donation land.

Titles in fee simple with general warranty, clear of all incumbrances, will be given on receipt of one third of the purchase money and securing by mortgage, payment of the residue at such times as may be agreed upon. Apply to the subscriber in Pittsburgh.

THOMAS COLLINS.

Also for sale, or to be let on improving leases, a number of tracts of land in Allegheny and Butler counties, some of them adjoining the town of Butler and the salt works.

Pittsburgh, August 16, 1809. tf.

FOR SALE.

THAT valuable Farm known by the name of *HAMILTON HALL*, eleven miles above Pittsburgh, on the Monongahela river, containing about 280 acres of first rate land, 100 acres of river bottom cleared and under good fence, 25 acres of which is good timothy and clover meadow, and considerable more may be made at little expence, 150 young apple trees, some of which have been bearing for some years, and a number of peach, cherry, and other fruit trees.

There are on the premises a large and convenient house 70 feet long by 25 feet wide, with a cellar under the whole, four rooms, a large hall, kitchen and pantry on the first floor, and three rooms on the second, all plaistered and finished in an elegant stile, a well of good water at the door, two large gardens, a stable and threshing floor, a good tenant's house and garden, a distillery with a never failing stream of good water.

There is on the premises a large bank of valuable iron ore, and a stream of water close by on which there was a sawmill erected, and where a furnace might be built with very little expence, or any mill works, as the race is good, two sugar camps at which there has been made 1000lbs of sugar a year.

A further description is thought unnecessary as those wishing to purchase will view the premises. The title is indisputable. For terms of sale apply to the subscriber in Pittsburgh.

THOMAS FERREE.

August 22, 1809. tf.

A STATEMENT RELATIVE TO *Dickinson College.*

PUBLISHED BY THE TRUSTEES.

FROM the recent changes which have taken place in Dickinson College, the Trustees consider it their duty to inform its friends and patrons, and the lovers of learning throughout the United States, of its present state and future prospects; believing that this public statement will promote the interest of the institution over which they preside, and advance the cause of literature and education.

This Seminary is situated in the Borough of Carlisle, in the County of Cumberland and State of Pennsylvania, distant about one hundred and twenty miles from the city of Philadelphia, and eighty miles from Baltimore. This place is not excelled in beauty of situation and salubrity of air by any other on the continent. The markets in the town are cheap and plentiful. The places of public worship afford to every Christian an opportunity of attending the service of his Maker; an Episcopal church, Presbyterian churches of their several denominations, a Roman Catholic Chapel, Lutheran and Reformed German churches, and a Methodist meeting-house. The College grounds consist of eight acres in the suburbs of the town, beautifully situated, and affording the most rich and delightful prospects. The College is a modern building, constructed on a plan of the most celebrated architect in the country; affording the most spacious and convenient accommodations for all the employments and exercises of the College, and capable of boarding and lodging the students. The Trustees are now maturing a plan for the boarding, lodging and accommodating of the students within the College.

The Trustees have been enabled by the bounty of the Legislature, to make great additions to their library. A complete philosophical apparatus, the munificence of the Legislature have likewise enabled them to procure.

All the arts and sciences usually taught in American Colleges, are cultivated under the superintendance of the Rev. Jeremiah Atwater, who has lately accepted the office of Principal, and whose immediate province is that of Professor of Moral Philosophy, Metaphysics, Logic, History Chronology, and the Belle Lettres.

This gentleman received a Collegiate education in Yale College, in the State of Connecticut, and continued in that seminary some time, as a teacher. His eminence as a teacher soon commanded the public attention, and he was elected President of Middlebury College in the State of Vermont, in which institution he has presided many years. His life has been devoted to public education, and he who is himself so well instructed, has dedicated all his talents to the instruction of others.

Mr. James M'Cormick has long filled the office of Professor of Mathematics. His profound knowledge of this most useful and important branch of science is acknowledged by all: to this department has lately been added that of Natural Philosophy.

The Rev. *Mr.* H. Wilson has some time since been elected Professor of Languages. This gentleman has presided for some years in the academy of Bellfont in Centre County Pennsylvania. His classical knowledge and other literary acquirements are great. His continued and incessant labour in the Institution, and the love of order, regularity and discipline, distinguish him as a public instructor.

The annual expence in the support and education of a young man will not exceed one hundred and forty dollars, a system of education and rules for the regulation and discipline of the College, on the plan of the New-England Colleges, will be adopted.

The habits of the inhabitants are temperate and frugal, removed from all temptations to dissipation and extravagance. Young men have no opportunity of squandering the money of their parents.

The Trustees entertain a well-grounded belief and confidence, that this Institution will greatly contribute to the diffusion of knowledge and science, and that parents and guardians will be encouraged to send their children and wards to a seminary where all that is useful and ornamental may be acquired, under the most capable and diligent masters; at an expence, the most moderate fortune can afford; at a seminary, where, while their minds will be stored with literary knowledge, their manners and morals will be strictly guarded against every impropriety of conduct, and every approach of vice.

By order of the board of Trustees,

JAMES ARMSTRONG, President.

Dickinson College, Carlisle,
September 28, 1809.

WANTED,

A few APPRENTICES to the Copper and Tin trades. Apply to JOSEPH HARBESON, in Market Street, next door to the Printing-Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

July 12, 1809.

Drawing in Architecture.

ANDREW M'DONALD, intends opening an *Evening Drawing School*, on the first Monday in November next, in that commodious room, occupied in the day time, by *Jane M'Donald*, as a Lady's School, on the S. W. corner of Wood and Fifth streets, Pittsburgh, where the five orders will be taught methodically, and mechanically explained: He will teach Tracery in all its various branches, as far as relates to the building of houses and bridges; he has a bench and tools to exemplify this science, by shewing the young and inexperienced hand how to make moulds, models, cylinders, etc. which will enable him to reduce the most difficult problems to corect practice. The terms of Tuition is *Twelve Dollars* per quarter, one-fourth reduction from each succeeding quarter, each scholar to find his own light, instruments and stationary. The hours of attendance will be from six until half past nine. Suitable trade will be taken in part of the fees which are to be paid monthly.

Pittsburgh, October 25, 1809.

Just Published in Lexington Kentucky, and for Sale at

ZADOK CRAMER'S Book Store, Pittsburgh

(Price Sixty-two and a half cents.)

A Narrative of the Life and Travels of

JOHN ROBERT SHAW,

The Well-Digger.

WRITTEN BY HIMSELF.

Adorned with Plates.

There is something novel in the adventures of this man. The various scenes into which his youthful indiscretions lead him, has taught him the error of his former days, which he candidly confesses, and like the venerable Doctor Franklin, as respects some juvenile indiscretions in his life; says, *If I had my life to run over again, such and such things would I amend.*

There is something valuable, because it is honest, in an old man confessing his faults. It assists youth to judge of error without trying dangerous experiments; it in fact acts as a beacon to mariners in perilous shoals; they are enabled to avoid rocks on which others have been wrecked; and this good, too, is obtained without cost or loss of time; and it would be madness for a man to follow one who had fallen into the ditch, when, to avoid it, he has merely to keep in mind the Scotch proverb of "*Look before you loup.*"

The travels of Shaw are filled with the *little anecdote* plainly told, and a numerous chain of curious incidents, checkered with good and bad fortune, all of whose various scenes he seems to have borne with a degree of philosophic fortitude uncommon to most men. He tells in fact a simple and honest tale, and one that may be useful to the rising generation.

ERUPTION OF MOUNT ÆTNA.

MELAZZO, April 25, 1809

Monday morning the 27th of March was very hot and foggy, and the wind being nearly south, but shifting to the westward, towards noon it became quite cool; we were much astonished at this change, for as it still continued foggy, we could not perceive what we now conceive to have been the cause of the great heat in the morning; but in the evening, when the fog cleared up, a most tremendous eruption of Mount Ætna presented itself to our view. A large blaze, which I conceive to be like nothing but the continuation of the explosion of a ship, issued from the top of the mountain; lower down was a smaller blaze, but from it was observed, an immense stream of red lava pouring down, and the view of its course towards the foot of Ætna, was only excluded from us by a ridge of mountains which are between this place and Mount Ætna. For several nights after, the blaze continued with different degrees of violence, and the lava appeared to have taken two courses, one towards Randazzo, on our right, and the other towards Langua Grossa, on the left. I can say no more of the eruption as it appeared from Melazzo; you must therefore, endeavor to form an opinion of it from drawings which you may have seen of things of the kind, or from your own ideas of a thing too grand and awful for language to describe.

Our English curiosity is so great, that I am sure more than half the army have already been to see this wonder of nature. I went with two brother officers.——Our first days march (for we were on foot) was to Franca Villa, and on the road to Langua Grossa; next day we saw the foot of the lava, it was then passing over a vineyard, and seemed to menace with destruction the house of a Baron of Franca

Villa; the house was abandoned, and the pictures of Saints hung out towards the fire, which the superstition of the people suggests to them as a means to turn its course—by day the lava has the appearance of a heap of rocks and stones, of a colour rather like ink, and you see the fire every here and there thro' the cracks; a great deal of smoke proceeds from it: when close to it, one perceives that it is all in motion, by pieces falling down and the huge stones rolling over, and constantly, tho' slowly making its progress over the ground.

Except just at the crater the lava cannot be perceived to be in a liquid state, because, towards the foot of it, it is either all congealed and only impelled along by what is continually pouring out of the mouth of the crater, or what still remains liquid at the bottom and that at the top congealed into immense masses, which have the appearance of rocks. This is the stream of which I before spoke as taking towards Lan ua Grossa; thither we proc ded, and having refreshed ourselves, set out on mules for the craters, which are about six miles or rather more from it; that is, the lower place, for the upper one is about 14 miles above it and near the summit of the mountain.

There are thirteen craters all in a line above each other towards the summit; these, as we saw them from Melazzo, all appeared one, and are quite distinct from the upper place. I will not trouble you with the description of a crater, for they are all found in the same manner by the ashes which are discharged, and have the same shape as I once before described, when I wrote to you an account of my visit to the top of Ætna.—The lowest was the only one which was burning with any degree of violence when we arrived, the others occasionally threw up perhaps a column of black smoke or red stones, and the lava from them was on the surface cold, going on but slowly.—Near to the lowest crater was a rising ground covered with trees, whose br.nches were all knocked off by the stones which had been thrown from the crater, (which indeed was the case with all the trees in the neighbourhood, for the eruption is in the woody region) but between where we stood and the crater was a stream of lava which had flowed from above and joined that which flowed from the lowest, just below the rising ground, having taken its course round it.

We thought it practicable, and wished very much to cross this first stream, and so get on the rising ground to get a nearer view of the principal burning crater; the guides said that it was impossible, and would not go a step further; but, we ventured on a little way, always stepping from one large rock to another (they were very hot and burnt our shoes,) and at length got across. It was by far the hottest birth I ever was in; every now and then we saw an immense mass of fire under our feet, and perhaps had to step across it, to get on from rock to rock; and once, just as I had put my foot on a large lump, which I thought firm, off it went and laid me on my side! I then felt it very hot, and you may be sure I lost no time in recovering my footing.——When we got across we were not content, but thought our excursion would not be complete without crawling up the side of the crater, to look into the very mouth of it.——This we effected with some difficulty, it being very steep, and almost up to our knees in hot ashes every step, but when we arrived at the summit, we were most fully repaid for our pains.——I am quite at a loss to know what to compare it to! just under our feet we perceived the lava which came out of this crater in a liquid state and in motion, which was perfectly perceptible, and increased every now and then as a fresh emission from the crater took place. Immense stones were thrown, in a liquid state, high in the air, and we watched them, and saw them constantly changing their shape as they fell. Nearest the aperture was a constant blaze of liquid matter and accompanied by such a tremendous noise that we could not hear ourselves speak. We retired from this about sunset, and again crossed the lava in safety. ——As it got dark the whole of the lava downwards appeared red and the eruption appeared to double advantage.

I find that my description falls very short of the impression which this wonderful spectacle has left on my mind; but I have no doubt you will have seen many bett r accounts of it, than this, long before my letter reaches you.

A beautiful thought.—Some few years ago, several persons of distinction went to visit the school for the education of deaf and dumb children at Paris, under the direction of a celebrated Abbe, for the purpose of witnessing the progress they had made in learning. One of the boys being asked what was the meaning of the word *gratitude*, he immediately took a pen and wrote—"*the memory of the heart.*"

The Pittsburgh Gazette

WEDNESDAY, November 8, 1809.

Monday next, the 13th inst. is the day appointed by law for the meeting of Congress.

WOOLLEN AND LINEN CLOTHS.

The spirit of manufacturing these articles we find is increasing rapidly throughout our country; as an evidence of which, fulling mills are erecting in a much greater ratio than has hitherto been the case, and some little pains are beginning to be bestowed on the breed and management of sheep, by our farmers. Those who pretend to be judges of the countries calculated for the growth and improvement of the breed of sheep, say, that few are better for that purpose than this, from which circumstance, combined with others we have great reason to believe much will be done in a few years in the manufacture of woollen cloths, of which we stand in great need. We anxiously look forward to the day when a man may furnish himself with a good coat for either winter or summer, without being obliged to send three thousand miles for the cloth. Linen, is an article which can also be manufactured here to great advantage. Bleeching greens can be conveniently made on the banks of our fine rivers and creeks, and our hills are well calculated for raising flax, and our river bottoms for hemp.

We publish the following information on this subject from *Cramer's Magazine Almanack for* 1810.

"Woollen Cloth.—We have seen a beautiful piece of fine black cloth made by doctor Miller, of Zeneople, Butler county, Penn. a German gentleman of enterprize. It was made from his Merino sheep, and will bear a comparison with imported cloths, such as we buy from our merchants at from eight or nine dollars per yard. We have also seen a piece made by Col. David Humphreys, of Connecticut, which does honour to the patriotick exertions of its worthy manufacturer, a man whose name will be engraven on the minds of his fellow citizens, for his noble labours in the encouragement of the domestick manufactures of his country, particularly his rapid improvement of the breed of our sheep, by the introduction of the Merino. There is a good deal of the coarser woollen cloths made by our farmers for family use. Some flannel is also manufactured.

"The Philadelphia Domestick Society, we are informed, make very handsome woollen cloths, calicoes, & all kinds of cottons. Our western merchants, we should suppose, ought to give this society, and every other of the kind, every encouragement."

The New-York Gazette, by this Mail, contains the following articles:

IMPORTANT.—The ship Thomas, Law, arrived at the mouth of the Eyder in 32 days from New-York. A letter from the super-cargo, dated 4th ult. to his owners in this city says,—"Off the Texel, was boarded by the United States schooner Enterprize, (sent there some time since by government) and was informed that the ports of Amsterdam were shut against American vessels; and, that all vessels that entered the Texel had their papers returned to the commanders of the several ships, (except those that had been spoken by the British cruizers) were ordered to proceed to sea; but were ultimately prevented from sailing by an Embargo which has lately been laid on ALL American vessels."

We have seen a letter from a very respectable house stating as a report founded on the first authority, that Mr. Jackson has sent a note to the Secretary of State, informing him, that he would agree to settle on the terms agreed on by Mr. Erskine, provided our government would extend their non-intercourse to the ports of Holland, as well as France. If this is correct, and Mr. Jackson can settle on no other terms, nothing decisive can be done until the meeting of Congress, as the President has not the power of extending the non-intercourse.

It is also reported on the authority of letters, that Mr. Jackson has sent his last dispatches, by express, to go out in the L'Africaine frigate—so that she will sail immediately after the arrival of these communications.

On the authority of a letter from the Danish Consul at Philadelphia, we state, that not a single American vessel, whose papers have gone regularly through his hands, has been condemned by the Danes.

From an official statement recently laid before the public, of the turnpike roads and bridges erected and now erecting in the state of New-York, it appears there are 67 turnpike roads whose total distance is 3071 miles, and 21 bridges. The stock invested in these two objects of public convenience, is represented to amount to 6,656,750 dollars.

From the New-York Gazette, October 25.

At a late hour last night, the following fact came to our knowledge.

The new Spanish minister, Don Onis, has not been received by our government. He has, however, been treated with the utmost attention by the President of the United States, who assured him that it gave him infinite pain not to be able to receive him as minister, which could not be done while Spain remained in her present unsettled state; and assured him at the same time, that no minister from king Joseph could be received.

The Spanish frigate sails for Cadiz on Sunday, but Don Onis intends to remain in this country.

Yesterday orders were received by our collector, to grant clearances to the ports of Gijon, St. Andero, and St. Sebastian's, ports in possession of king Joseph.

BOTANICAL.

ACCOUNT OF THE RUSSIAN LAMB.

The most extraordinary of the curiosities of Little Tartary is, the *Lamb* of Muscovy, which grows between these two great rivers, the Don and the Wolga. This plant is remarkable for possessing a great portion of the animal nature. It is for this reason called the animal plant; as also Zoophytes; and, in the Russian language, Bannarets.

The fruit is of the size of a gourd, or melon; it has the figure of a sheep, all the limbs of which are discoverable. It is fastened to the earth, by the navel, upon a stalk of two feet in length. It always leans towards the grass, and the plants that grow round it; and changes its place as much as the stump will suffer.

When the fruit comes to maturity, its stalk dies; it is covered with a hairy skin, frizzled like that of a lamb just born, and this skin serves it as a fur to defend it from the cold.

It is further observed, that this plant never dies till it can no longer find any grass to nourish it.—The fruit yields a juice like blood, when it is taken from the stalk; and has the taste of mutton.

The wolf is as fond of this plant, as of real mutton; and the Muscovites make use of it, in order to surprise those animals.

FORT WAYNE, *Oct*, 3.

A treaty was concluded at this place, on the 30th ult. by his Excellency William Henry Harrison, governor of the Indiana Territory, and Commissioner on the part of the United States with the Miamies, Potawatimies, and Eel River tribes of Indians; by which they have ceded to the United States a tract of land on both sides the Wabash river, extending from the land heretofore owned by the United States around Vincennes, up to within 12 miles of the mouth of Vermilion river. They also ceded by the same treaty a tract of twelve miles wide, extending along the former boundary line, established by the treaty of Greenville, as high up as Fort Recovery.

The foregoing cessions are computed at 2,600,000 acres, and contain some of the finest land in the United States.

You will be pleased to publish in your paper this letter, for the information of our citizens. Your obedient servant,

JOHN JOHNSTON, *Indian agent.*

OWYHEE.

We have heard many particulars of the progress towards civilization and the adoption of European (or American) customs and arts in the much talked of Sandwich Islands in the Pacific Ocean. To Americans more than others, are these islands indebted for instruction in those arts and improvements. Tahama, chief of *Owyhee*, has subjected to his codes and dominion the whole Archipelago in the neighbourhood of *Owyhee*. He employs numbers of Americans, Englishmen & Frenchmen in extending his projects of trade and conquest; in exploring the earth; and in manufacture of implements of industry and war. He has, we learn, a marine of some nine or ten vessels; which have visited *China* and the *Landranes*, and some of them the dependencies of *Japan*; and that he intends soon to navigate the coast of *Mexico*, *Peru* and *Chili*.

From the Boston Palladium, Oct. 24.

VERY LATE FROM SPAIN.

Yesterday arrived at this port, the fast sailing brig Joseph, capt. Foster, 33 days from Malaga. Capt. F. does not mention the resignation of Cuesta, nor that any change was contemplated in the government. We find the Supreme Junta still exercising the Executive power, and that the Marquis of Romana has become a member.

There appears to have been no military movements on the part of the Anglo-Spanish army, or the French opposed to it, for some time. At the previous dates, the former had fallen back a short distance, and the French have not advanced, nor the others retraced their steps. Sir A. Wellesley was on a visit to Badajoz, where were several members of the Junta, making arrangemenis for the better furnishing of the army with provisions.

A letter from the Supreme Junta at Seville, dated Sept. 14, to Mr. Gravina, at Malaga, received on the 19th Sept. (the day on which capt. F. sailed,) says, that official advices of the breaking of the armistice by Bonaparte, had been received at that city—that an action had taken place between the French and Austrians in consequence, which terminated in the defeat of the former.

[The poor Spaniards were amused, the day capt. F. sailed with another story of a violation of the armistice by the French and a victory gained by the Austrians.—The chances of such an event have ceased. There had been no battle in Spain since that of Talavera.—*Repertory.*]

We were favored with Malaga papers of Sept. 14, 15, 18. 19. A few translations hastily, as follow:—

Lisbon, Sept. 2.—Napoleon intends to establish a new power between Austria, & Russia, by re-establishing the throne of Poland.

Cadiz, Sept. 5.—The command of the army of *Galicia*, is confided to Marshal Don Gabriel de Mandizabel. Marshal count de Norona is second in command. Marquis de Romana, has been called to a seat in the Supreme Junta—and delivered an excellent address to his army on parting with it.

Badajoz, Sept. 2.—New and extraordinary efforts are making to have the armies well supplied with provisions.

Sept. 4.—Yesterday arrived in this city, his excellency Sir Arthur Wellesley, commander in chief of the British army, who immediately sent his respects to the two members of the Junta, now in this city, and to the Bishop of this diocese.—His compliments were reciprocated with every demonstration of respect and gratitude.

[Badajoz, where Sir Arthur Wellesley was on the 4th Sept. is on the river Guadiana, and near the border of Portugal, about 100 miles S. W. from Puente del Arcobispo, from which his former despatches were dated. Nothing is said of the situation of his army.]

Manresa, Aug. 25.—The troops of gen. Blake and of the marquis of Lazan, marched hence on the 22d and 23d. Gen. B. intends with 7000 men to attack the besiegers of Gerona. The division of Aragon and Valencia, have the same direction. These corps, when united, will amount to 20,000 men.

Vich, Aug. 28.—General Blake has just issued a proclamation to the Catalonians, calling upon them to assemble to relieve the brave garrison and inhabitants of Gerona.

Aug. 30.—Gen Augereau has published in Perpignan, an account of the reduction of Gerona; but still the French fears for St. Cyr's troops appear as great as ever—and incessant efforts are made to succour him.

La Mancha, Aug. 8.—Nothing in particular has occurred in our army (that of Venegas.) The head quarters continue in Carolina; and we labour with the greatest activity in encreasing our force.

Malaga, Sept. 19.—The division of Ney separated from that of Soult, and marched to Salamancha, where the duke of Parque had before arrived, marching for Estremadura; who finding the garrison strong, pursued Ney, who retreated, some say towards Valladolid; others say towards Burgos. The division of Soult is on the higher part of Estremadura, its head quarters at Placentia and Galesten.

BOSTON, *October* 10.

Mr. Armstrong.—A letter from London, received by the packet, mentions that a gentlemen had arrived there from Rotterdam, who saw Mr. Armstrong at that place on the 15th of August. He was informed by the minister, that after the defeat at Aspern, he was called upon by a member

of the Burrean, who said the emperor was disposed to be in amity with us; and after some further conference, articles were agreed on as the basis of a treaty, which were sent off to the emperor; but in the mean time the victory of Wagram changed his dispositon, and notice was sent to Paris that no further negociation should take place, until the United States declared war against England. Mr. Armstrong said he should not attempt any thing further, but expected to return to Paris, and embark for America with his family.

GUN POWDER.

FOR SALE,

A quantity of Gun Powder, of a superior quality, on very reasonable terms.

THOMAS CROMWELL.

Pittsburgh, November 7, 1809.

On Thursday Evening the 2d inst. JOHN FELURE, glass-blower, left this town on a visit to his family residing about three miles on the west side of the Allegheny river, he crossed at Knox's Ferry in the dusk of the evening, and was spoken to about half way home, since which he has not been seen or heard of, though continual search has been made. He was dressed in a dark green surtout coat, home-made mixed cotton coat, yellow cassimer waistcoat, blue cotton pantaloons, woollen stockings, new coarse shoes, and a cross-barred silk handkerchief round his neck. Any person who will give information of the said John Felure, to the subscriber, will confer a great obligation on his distressed family, and shall be generously rewarded for their trouble.

GEORGE ROBINSON.

Pittsburgh, November 7, 1809.

JOSEPH PARKER,

Has just received at his Bookstore in Wood street, corner of Fourth street, Pittsburgh, the following

Medical Books,

which he offers for Sale at very reduced prices.

Beddoe's on Consumption
Cullen's Materia Medica
—— Practice
—— Synopsis
Murray's Materia Medica
Hunter on the Blood
Jackson on Fevers
Tyler on Yellow Fever
Sydenham on Acute and Cronic Diseases
Underwood on Diseases of Children
Wilson on Febrile Diseases, 2 vol.
Bell on Wounds
—— on Ulcers
—— on Surgery
Cooper's ditto
Hey's ditto
Water's System of Surgery
Desault's Surgery
Baudelocque's Midwifery
Hamilton's ditto
Burd's Practice of ditto
Denman's ditto
—— Aphorisms
Munro's Anatomy
Hooper's Medical Dictionary
Haller's Physiology
Blumenback's ditto
Physician's Vade Mecum
Willich's Lectures
Caldwell's Memoirs
Black's Chymistry
Chaptal's ditto
Lavaisier's ditto
Accum's ditto
Henry's ditto
Conversation on Chymistry
Botanic Garden
—— Calander
Medical Guide
Townshend's Guide to Health
Buchan's Domestic Medicine

Pittsburgh, Nov. 7, 1809.

CHEAP BOOKS.

M. CAREY, of Philadelphia, Bookseller.

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Pittsburgh, and its vicinity, that he has for sale a small but valuable collection of BOOKS, which, rather than take them back to Philadelphia, he will sell at ten per cent below the actual retail prices in that city, and will allow six months credit, on note, to purchasers to the amount of fifty dollars, or upwards.

They will be exposed for sale at the store lately occupied by *David Evans*, in *Market-street*, next door to the corner of *Second street*, till Saturday the 11th inst. at one o'clock, when all that remain unsold will be packed up and sent away.

Catalogues of a part of the Books, with the Philadelphia prices annexed, from which ten per cent will be taken off, may be seen in the *Tree of Liberty* and in the *Pittsburgh Gazette*.

As there are but few of a kind, those who are disposed to purchase, are requested to be early in their applications.

So favourable an opportunity of providing themselves with small libraries, on easy terms, the inhabitants of Pittsburgh will probably not have again.

Pittsburgh, November 6, 1809.

LAW BOOKS,

FOR SALE AT THE BOOKSTORE OF

Joseph Parker,

In Wood Street, corner of Fourth Street, *Pittsburgh.*

Admiralty Decisions
Annesly on Insurance
Ambler's Reports
Attorney's Practice
Burrow's Reports
Butler's Horae Juridicia
Blackston's Commentaries
Burlamaque's Natural Law, 2 vols.
Booth on Real Actions
Bosanquet and Puller's Reports vol. 6.
Bradby on Distress
Boot's Suit at Law
Burns Practice
Binney's Reports, vol. 1
Bradley on Distresses
Buller's Nisi Prius
Bacon on Leases
Comyn's on Contracts
Curran's Speeches
Coke on Littleton
Chase's Trials
Chitty on Bills
Cranch's Reports v. 4.
Cruise's Digest, 5 vols.
Coleman & Cain's Reports
Comyn's Digest, 6 vols.
Douglass's Reports
Dyer's Reports
Doctor and Student
Dickin's Reports
Digest Modern Chancery Reports
Digest Earlier Chancery Reports
East's Crown Law
East's Reports, vol. 9
Espinasses Nisi Prius
Espinasses Reports
Foster's Crown Law
Foster's Reports
Frances's Law Maxims
Graydon's Justice
Graydon's Digest
Gilbert on Rents
Gilbert's Equity
Gilbert on Wills
Gilbert on Devises
Gilbert on Replevin
Harrison's Chancery
Henning and Mumford Report's, vol. 1.
Henry Blackston's Reports
Hale's Common Law
Hardress's Reports
Impey's Practice
Jones on Bailment
Johnson's Cases, vol. 1.
Kyd on Awards
Laws on Pleading
Laws of the U. States, vol. 8
Milford's Pleadings
Maxwell on Bills
Marshall on Insurance
M'Nally's Evidence
New-York Term Reports
Newland on Contracts
Powell on Mortgages
Powell on Devises
Pleader's Assistant
Peak's Evidence
Powell on Powers
Paul's Landlord
Plowden's Rights
Roberts on Fraudulent Conveyances
Roberts on Statute Frauds
Runington's Ejectments
Raymond's Reports
Sir Thomas Raymond's Reports
Sugden on Vendors
Selwyn's Nisi Prius
Story's Pleadings
Saunders Reports
Schoale and Lefroy's Reports
System of Pleading
Salkeld's Reports
Tucker's Blackstone
Trial of the Judges
Tidd's Appendix
Tidd's Practice
Wilson's Works
Wyatt's Chancery
Watson on Partnership
Washington's Reports
Watkins on Copyhold
Watkins on Descent
Woodfall's Landlord and Tenant

October 9, 1809.

Ten Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from this post on the forenoon of the 31st ult. *LEVERITT PITCHER* a private soldier, aged about twenty six years, fair complexion, dark brown hair, blue eyes, about 5 feet 8 inches high, by occupation a Schoolmaster and born in the State of Connecticut.—This deserter had but just received his bounty, and went up town to procure some necessaries since when he has not returned, and from the circumstance of his having left many articles behind him in the garrison, together with some information which has come to the knowledge of the Commanding Officer there is strong and well founded grounds to believe that some evil disposed villain has made use of *sly*, base means unworthy of an American patriot to seduce this man from the duty he owed to his God, his Country and Himself—if such should therefore be the fact, and *Pitcher* surrenders himself voluntarily and prosecutes to conviction the unprincipled author of his desertion, he may rest assured that the undersigned will use his influence to procure him a full and free pardon, otherwise any person delivering him here, or to any other officer of the U. S. army, shall receive the above reward and all reasonable expences.

FRANCIS W. SMALL,
Lieut. Comd'g.

Fort Fayette, Pittsburgh,
November 4, 1809.

NOTE—The same exertions shall be used on behalf of *JACOB ALL*, the Taylor, who deserted some time ago, if he returns to his duty and prosecutes to conviction the person who resides in the vicinity of the garrison and found him in citizens cloathing in order to effect his escape.

F. W. S.

Five Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or Stolen from the subscriber, the following described 10 head of cattle, all of them marked with a swallow fork in the left ear, besides the following described marks.

A brindle Cow with a star in her face, and several white marks on her, a hole in the right ear, and a piece broke out of the bell on her.

A red Cow with a star in her face, and some white spots on her.

A red and white spotted large Cow, she has a big bell on.

A brindle Steer three years and an half old.

A red Steer two years and an half old.

A red and white spotted Steer one year and an half old.

A brindle Heifer two years and an half old.

A black muhle Heifer with a star in her face, both the abovementioned are with calf.

A black and white spotted Heifer, large, one year and an half old.

A dark brown Heifer with a star in her face, one year and an half old.

Whoever takes up said Cattle and delivers them to the subscriber, shall have the above reward.

GEORGE RAPP & Associates.

Harmony, October 22, 1809.

BOOKS

FOR SALE, BY

M. CAREY, *of Philadelphia,*

At the Store lately occupied by Mr. DAVID EVANS, *in Market Street, Pittsburgh, next door to the corner of Second Street.*

	Dolls.	Cts.
NOVELS.		
Trials of the Heart, by *Mrs. Rowson*, 2 vols.	2	
Evelina, 2 vols.	1	50
Tales of Wonder, by *Lewis*, 2 vols.	2	
Plain Sense, 2 vols.	2	
Virtue in distress, or Clarissa Harlowe and Pamela, abridged,		67
Ambrose and Eleanor,		87½
Constant Lovers, or history of William and Jeannette	1	
Iidegerte, by *Kotzebue*,	1	
George Barnwell,	1	
Man of Feeling,		75
Wieland, or the Enchantress, by *C. C. Brown*,	1	
Travels before the Flood,		75
Charlotte's Letters to Werter,		75
Museum, a collection of short novels,		75
Prince of Britanny,		75
Edwy and Edilda	1	
Slave of Passion, or Fruits of Werter,		50
Charlotte Temple, by *Mrs. Rowson*,		75
Margaretta, by a Lady of Philadelphia,	1	25
Tale of the Times. 2 vols.	2	
Abbess, by *Ireland*, 3 vols.	3	
Fortune's Football, or the Adventures of Mercutio, 2 vols.	1	25
Reuben and Rachel, by *mrs. Rowson*,	1	
What Has Been,	1	
Zaida, by *Kotzebue*,	1	
Democrat,	1	
Storm,		87½
Beggar Boy,	1	
Beggar Girl and her Benefactress, 3 vo.	3	
Louisa, or the Lovely Orphan,		62½
Contrast,		62½
Constantia de Valmont,		50
Corinna, or Italy, by *mad. de Stachl*, 2 vols.	2	50
Modern Philosophers, 3 vols.	4	25
Edgar Huntley, 3 vols.	3	
Armenian, or Ghost Seer, 2 vols.	1	75
Cecilia, by *miss Burney*, 3 vols.	3	
Fleetwood, or the New Man of Feeling, 2 vols.	2	
Edward, by *Dr. Moore*, 2 vols.	1	50
Ormond, by *C. C. Brown*,	1	
Gaudentio di Lucca,	1	
Cavern of Strozzi,		50
RELIGIOUS BOOKS.		
Family Bibles at	6	
ditto	4	25
ditto	3	50
ditto	4	
ditto	7	25
ditto	7	
ditto	9	25
ditto	5	40
Octavo Bibles, with Canne's notes	3	
ditto without ditto	2	25
ditto	2	75
ditto	2	
German Bible, quarto,	4	
Fox's Book of Martyrs, 2 vols. quarto,	12	
Orton's Exposition of the New-Testament, 6 vols. 8vo.	15	
Mosheim's Church History, 6 vols.	14	
Josephus,	10	
Zollikofer's Sermons, 2 vols. elegant	5	50
ditto, plain,	4	50
Faber on the Prophecies	3	
Winchester's Lectures on the Prophecies, 2 vols. 8vo.	4	25
Horae Solitariae, 2 vols.	3	50
Life of Christ, 2 vols.	4	
Minute Philosopher, by *Berkeley*,	2	
Whole duty of Man	2	
New whole duty of Man,	2	50
Weitsius's Economy of the Divine Covenants, 3 vols.	6	
Strong's Sermons 2 vols.	3	50
Blair's Sermons complete, 3 vols.	7	
Large Protestant Prayer Book,	3	
Hunter's Biography, 4 vols.	7	
Horn on the Psalms, 2 vols.	2	50
Halyburton's Enquiry respecting *Deists*,	1	75
Newton on the Prophecies, 8vo.	2	25
Samuel Stanhope Smith's Sermons,	2	
Massillon's Sermons, 2 vols.	4	
Calvinism Improved,	1	50
Vindication of *Divine* Providence,	4	
Christianity as Old as Creation,	1	50
White's Sermons,	1	50
Whitby's *Discourses*,	2	
Bennet's *Discourses*,	1	25
Memoirs of Watts and *Doddridge*,	1	25
Edwards on Redemption,	2	25
Remarks on *Daniel*,	2	
Cole's *Discourses* on God's Sovereignty,	1	50
Bates on Man's Redemption,	1	50
Wallin's Lectures,	1	50
Infernal Conferences, or *Dialogues* of *Devils*, large	2	
Paley's Natural Theology, 8vo.	2	
Same work, 12mo.	1	
Drelincourt on *Death*.	2	20
Elwood's Sacred History, 3 vols.	5	
Knox's Christian Philosophy,	1	12½
Same work	1	
Gastrel's Institutes,	1	
Edwards's Sermons,	1	
Dickinson's Letters,		87½
Bunyan's minor works		75
Bunyan's Law and Grace	1	
Whitefield's Sermons		75
Flavel's Husbandry Spiritualized,		75
Watts's Scripture History,	1	25
Spalding's Lectures,		80
Bonnet's View of Christianity,	1	
God's Wonders in the *Deep*		25
Watts's Lyric Poems.		62½
Gospel Alarm to Christendom,	1	
Willison on the Sabbath,		60
Willison on the Sacrament,		60
Hervey's Works, 6 vols.	6	
Edwards on the Affections,	1	
Watts's Miscellanies,		75
Beauties of Watts		75
Dictionary of the Bible,		87½
Boston's Fourfold State,		87½
Beauties of Nature,	1	12½
Confession of Faith	1	
Bunyan's Holy War, fine,	1	
Same Book, coarse,		60
Balm of Gilead,		75
Beauties of the Bible,		75
Reason and Faith, or Philosophical Absurdities,		62½
Lowth's Translation of Isaiah,		75
Newton's Cardiphonia,	1	60
Horne's Spiritual Letters,		75
Fuller's Gospel Worthy of Acceptation,		75
Stoddard on Judgment,	1	
Cumberland's Calvary, or Death of Christ,		75
Sacra Privata,		75
Wilberforce's View of Prevailing Opinions,	1	
Saurin's Select Sermons,	1	
Beauties of Hervey,		75
Religious Truth,	1	
Imitation of Christ,		75
Newton on the Prophecies, 3 vols.	3	
Priestley's Evidences of the Christian Religion,	1	
Dickinson's Five Points,		62½
Mason's Student and Pastor,		62½
Doddridge's Life of Gardiner,		75
Doddridge's Sermons,		62½
Mason's Select Remains,		62½
Beauties of Owen Feltham,	1	
Melmoth on the Sublime of Scripture,		50
Death of Abel,		50
Mason on Self-knowledge,		50
Mahon on Communion,		50
How's Thoughts,		50
Life of Francis Xavier,		50
Bishop Burnet's Life of Rochester,		50
Marshal on Sanctification,		60
Psalms and Hymns of various prices.		
LAW BOOKS.		
Bacon's Abridgment, vols. 6 & 7,	12	
Toller's Law of Executors,	2	50
Powell on Powers,	2	25
Tomlin's Digest,	3	
Finch's Chancery,	3	
Gilbert on Devises,	1	60
Graydon's Digest,	4	50
Richardson's Practice,	7	
Foster's Reports,	1	75
Montesquieu's Spirit of Laws,	4	
Conductor Generalis,	2	50
Wynne's Eunomus,	2	
Cruise on Uses and Trusts,	1	25
Vernon's Chancery, 2 vols.	7	
Blackstone's Reports, vol. 1,	4	50
Saunders on Uses and Trusts,	2	
Dyer's Reports,	9	
Powell on Devises,	3	25
Willes's Reports,	4	50
Gilbert's Treatise on Equity,	2	
Hirty's Digest of the Laws of the United States, 2 vols.	5	50
Wilson on Fines,	2	
Espinasse's Reports,	1	
Virginia Justice,	4	
Latch's Reports,	1	50
Laws of Pennsylvania, 6 vols.	15	
Vesey Junr's Reports, 5 vols.	25	
Runnington on Ejectments,	4	
Rutherforth's Institutes, 2 vols.	5	50
Trial of Smith and Ogden,	3	
Pothier on Obligations,	4	
Laws of the United States, per vol.	2	
Parke on Insurance,	3	50
Vattel's Law of Nations,	2	50
Fitzherbert's Natura Brevium,	3	
Mackintosh on the Study of the Law,	2	50
Tidd's Practical Forms,	2	50
Evans's Treatise,	2	
Abbot's Law of Shipping,	2	50
Watson's Law of Partnership,	2	
Same Work, improved edition,	4	75
Proctor's Practice,	2	
Conroy's Custodium Reports,	3	
Law Interrogatories,	1	
Bankrupt Law,	1	60
Bosanquet and Puller, vol. 2,	4	50
Harrison's Chancery,	9	
Roberts on Frauds,	4	25
Wilson's Works,	10	50
Kyd on Awards,	4	50
Dallas's Reports, 1st & 2d,	10	
Sugden's Law of Vendors,	6	
Cranch's Reports, 2 vols.	10	
Abridgment of Laws of Nisi Prius,	4	
Day's Cases in Error,	3	50
System of Pleading,	2	
Hale's Common Law,	2	50
Roper on Legacies,	2	
Paul's Landlord and Tenant,	2	

N. B. The prices annexed are the Philadelphia prices, from which 10 per cent. will be deducted. The Books will remain on Sale till Saturday the 11th inst. at 1 o'clock. Pittsburgh, Nov. 7, 1809.

Pittsburgh
Flint Glass Manufactory.

Benjamin Bakewell & Co.

INFORM their friends and the public, that they have recently enlarged their assortment of *GLASS-WARE*, and offer for Sale, upon their usual terms, the following articles, viz.

DECANTERS, quart and pint, common ringed and plain.
Ditto, ditto, best double flint, ditto.
Ditto, half pint and gill common ditto.
Tumblers, quart, pint, half pint, and gill ditto.
Ditto, best double flint ditto.
Goblets, pint, half pint, and gill ditto.
Wine Glasses, common and best.
Jars, half gallon, quart, pint, and half pint.
Tinctures, ditto, ditto.
Lamps—globe, street and table.
Ditto, vase with shades.
Butter basins, with covers, assorted colours.
Sugar ditto, and cream jugs ditto.
Cups, quart, pint, half pint and gill.
Water decanters, wine coolers, finger cups.
Egg cups, cruets, mustard pots,
Salts, proof phials, root glasses.
Jelly and Syllabub glasses.
Electrical cylinders and jars.
Retorts and receivers, mortars and pestles
Square stopper bottles, funnels.
Jars and beakers for chimney ornaments.
Confectionary glasses, salvers.
Barometer and Thermometer tubes,
Breast pipes and nipple glasses.
Corals for children, cupping glasses.
Ink stands, smelling bottles, &c. &c.

N. B. Wanted some good steady FLINT GLASS BLOWERS, and a few APPRENTICE BOYS who, if well re ommended, will meet with good encouragement.

Also, POT, and PEARL ASHES, for which Cash will be given.

Pittsburgh, April 12, 1809.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE Tract of Land, containing about 300 acres, situate in Versailles township, Allegheny county, near the state road; about seventy acres of the land cleared, five of which are in good meadow, and twenty acres more may be made; two small dwelling houses with stone chimnies, one end of a barn raised, a large and commodious house for a distillery, and an excellent spring of never failing water near the still house. It adjoins lands of George Miller, John Irwin, Esq. William Boyd, and others, and is now in the tenure of Archibald Johnston, who will shew the premises to any person inclined to purchase. For terms (which are very reasonable) apply to *George Armstrong Esq. Greensburgh*, or to the subscriber in Pittsburgh.

STEEL SEMPLE.

October 24, 1808.

THE subscriber offers For Sale,

A Tract of Land,

ON Girty's Run, containing two hundred acres, about 6 miles from Pittsburgh, in a fine settlement; on which there is a good two story Log House, a Barn, about forty acres cleared and under good fence, and a good sugar camp.

For terms apply to Henry Haslet, Esq. *Mr* Baltzer Good, on the Franklin road, or to *Mr.* John Ferree at the office of the subscriber.

JOHN WILKINS, jr.

Pittsburgh, 1st. Feb. 1808.

NEW WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Apothecary and Drug Store,

Corner of Third and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

J. P. & J. W. Skelton,

INFORM the Inhabitants of the Western Country that they have commenced the APOTHECARY and DRUG BUSINESS, in the house lately occupied by *Mr.* Robert Cunliffe, merchant, where they offer for sale at Philadelphia prices, a very large and extensive assortment of *Fresh Drugs and Medicines*, both family and patent, Essences, Perfumes, Patent Soaps, Paints, Oil, Turpentine, and almost every article connected with the business. From the arrangements they have made in Philadelphia, New-York and Boston, they are enabled to assure their friends that their assortment of articles in the above business is superior to any offered for sale in this place.

June 1, 1809.

N. B. Practitioners of Medicine, Merchants. and all others who deal in Medicine will find it much to their advantage to purchase from them.

WORM TEA.

BEING one of the most valuable Medicines ever sold, for the destruction of Worms in the human body, and more particularly adapted for Children, of which complaint, thousands annually fall a sacrifice, It being now so well established that no certificates or encomiums are necessary to recommend it, being altogether a composition of Vegetables; since this medicine was first discovered upwards of one hundred thousand persons have experienced its beneficial effects.

SOLD BY

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

Wholesale and retail Druggists, Corner of Third and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh.

Price 25 Cents single, and 2 Dollars per dozen.

N. B. At the same palce may be had Sing's Patent Itch Ointment by the groce, dozen or single Box.

A Blacksmith and a Cooper

WHO can bring good recommendations will hear of an advantageous establishment by applying at the Office of this paper.

August 29, 1809.

CASTINGS,

FROM BIER & ELLIOTT'S.

A CONSTANT supply of Castings of every description, and equal in quality of metal and workmanship to any offered at the Pittsburgh market, may be had at the Warehouse of *Mr.* BOYLE IRWIN, where merchants may be supplied on liberal terms.

Pittsburgh, 6*th Dec* 1809.

NOTICE.

THE partnership of *CROMWELL & ANSHUTZ* is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted to or having claims against the late firm, are requested to present them to T. CROMWELL, who is duly authorised to receive and pay the same.

Pittsburgh, August 14, 1809. tf.

T. Cromwell,

Ever grateful for the confidence placed in him by his friends, informs them that he will attend to his former Business, as heretofore.

Lots to Lease,

FOR the term of 15 years from the first of April next, by the subscribers, (Guardians to the heirs of William Porter, dec'd)—160 feet running from Front to Second Streets, on Wood Street, 60 feet deep—*Also*, 100 feet on Wood Street, adjoining Wm. M'Cullough's Tavern, same depth. For all or any part of which, proposals will be received by

BOYLE IRWIN, } Guar-
JOHN JOHNSTON, } dians.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 17, 1809.

STEAM FLOUR MILL.

THE public are hereby informed that the *STEAM MILL*, is now in operation and will afford a constant supply of *Wheat* and *Rye Flour* in all their different qualities manufactured in the first stile, and also of *Bran*, *Chopped Rye*, and *Corn*.

Five Shillings cash per bushel will be given for a few thousand bushels of good Wheat if delivered before the 15th of November next. Rye will be taken at 40 cents per bushel or 56 lbs.

GEORGE EVANS.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 12, 1809. tf.

NEW BOOK STORE.

JOSEPH PARKER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

LAW AND *MISCELLANEOUS*

BOOKSELLER,

Wood Street, corner of Fourth, PITTSBURGH.

JOSEPH PARKER has obtained from messrs. *Wm P. Farrand & Co.* and messrs. *Hopkins & Earle*, of Philadelphia, a large and general assortment of LAW, MISCELLANEOUS, and SCHOOL, BOOKS, comprising all the new works of each kind; all the important standard authors in science and general literature, together with a complete assortment of Greek and Latin classics, and school books of every description. Paper, quills, pencils and other stationary as above. The whole of which is intended for the supply of Bookstores, Circulating Libraries and Schools, through the western country, and will be furnished at the Philadelphia prices, with the addition of only four dollars per cwt. the *lowest carriage* price.

September 12, 1809.

N. B. J. Parker has made such arrangements with the houses of Wm. P. Farrand and Co. and Hopkins and Earle, that he will regularly receive from them all their own and other new publications, as well as all new imported books; and, through them, will be enabled promptly to supply all orders for particular books

☞ Clean linnen and cotton Rags, will be taken in payment.

BUILDING LOTS.

SIX Acres of Ground on Grant's Hill and within the Borough, have been laid out into building Lots. They will be let on very reasonable terms on perpetual leases.

Apply at the Office of *WILLIAM WILKINS*, where a plan of the lots may be seen.

Pittsburgh, July 20, 1809. tf

Just Published, and for Sale,

AT ZADOCK CRAMER'S BOOKSTORE,

SIGN OF FRANKLIN'S HEAD, MARKET STREET, PITTSBURGH.

ALMANACKS FOR 1810.

☞ Orders for Magazines, Common and German Almanacks for 1810, Spelling Books, Primers, &c. &c. will be punctually attended to. Merchants are particularly requested to send in their orders early, to prevent disappointments.

Z. C. has on hand, and purposes keeping, a supply of BLANK BOOKS of all sizes, with which he will supply merchants on low terms, wholesale and retail.

September 27, 1809. tf.

Justices Blanks,

Of the latest and best forms, viz.

SUBPOENAS FOR WITNESSES, WARRANTS, SUMMONSES, EXECUTIONS, &c.

Joseph Parker,

Has for Sale, at his Bookstore, The

Assembly's Missionary Magazine;

OR

Evangelical Intelligencer.

Published under the patronage of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America, for 1805, 1806, 1807 and 1808, bound and in monthly publications—which he constantly receives from W. P. Farrand, editor.

Pittsburgh, October 16, 1809.

Sheriff's Sales.

By virtue of sundry writs of *venditioni exponas* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court-House in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 13th day of November next, the following described property, viz—

Lot No. 413, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, bounded by lot No. 412, by Virgin alley, and by lot No. 414; sixty feet wide, and in depth from Fifth street to Virgin alley about 240 feet; on which are erected a two story brick house and kitchen. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Gray, deceased.

Also, lots No. 425 and 426, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, bounded northwardly by Sixth street, south eastwardly by Grant Street, Southwardly by Virgin alley, and northwardly by lot No. 427. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John D. Littleford.

And by virtue of a writ of *levari facias*, issued out of the same Court, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the time and place aforesaid, a tract or parcel of land, situate in the county of Westmoreland, formerly the counties of Bedford and Cumberland, and now the county of Allegheny, beginning at a marked white oak, at the side of the Monongahela river, thence by lines of marked trees all round, north eighty degrees east, 16 perches to a marked white oak; north eighty degrees east, 72 perches to a marked chesnut oak; north twelve degrees east, 196 perches to a marked white oak; north forty eight degrees west, 57 perches to a marked sugar tree; north ten degrees west, 50 perches to a marked sugar tree; south sixty degrees west, 120 perches to a marked white oak; south fifty degrees west, 80 perches to a marked Spanish oak; south twenty degrees west, 54 perches to a marked hickory; south eighty degrees west, 14 perches to a marked white oak, at the side of said river; thence up the same on the several courses, 160 perches to the place of beginning; containing two hundred and forty-one acres and allowance. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George Isherwood and John Gill.

WILLIAM WOODS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, October 25, 1809.

Public Notice.

WHEREAS my wife Christiana has eloped from my bed and board, without any just cause, and clandestinely took with her four of my children, to wit:—John aged 12 years, Michael 9, Henry 6, and Jacob 4. It is likely she may pass through Pittsburgh. I will give *Five Dollars Reward* to any person who will secure the said children so that I may get them.

JOHN WAGGONER,

Hamilton county, Sycamore township, state of Ohio, October 10, 1809.

TO PARENTS.

The annexed cases of cures performed by

HAMILTON'S

Celebrated Worm Destroying LOZENGES,

(Selected from a very numerous list,)

ARE presented as indubitable proof of the excellence and safety of this valuable specific, for destroying worms in the human stomach and intestines.

From Mr. Benjamin Williams, No. 30, Baltimore street, two doors above south Gay street.

I have a son six years of age, who, for four years past, has been generally in a very unhealthy state, particularly in summer; frequently afflicted with alarming convulsion fits, the whole of his little frame wasted fast, his breath fetid, and almost constant itching at the nose was excited, with other alarming symptoms. During the course of the above period, the advice and attendance of three of the most eminent physicians in Baltimore were successively procured. Each of these gentlemen, in his turn, declared worms to be the cause of the child's disorder, and exhausted his skill in attempting to expel them. Pink root, steel filings, with a variety of other medicines, were administered without the least success. It was once pronounced impossible for the child to live many hours.

I had heard of your worm destroying Lozenges, but with many others did not think highly of so cheap a medicine, until a gentleman of my acquaintance (Mr. Wm. S. More, auctioneer) in whose family they had been used with good effect, advised me to make trial of them; I accordingly gave my son a dose agreeable to directions, which soon expelled eight large worms, some of them about eight inches in length; a second dose brought away four more of similar size; a third dose being administered, no worms appeared. The child recovered, and now enjoys a good state of health.

BENJAMIN WILLIAMS.

AFFIDAVIT.

Michael Duffy, residing at No. 40, Walkes street, Fell's Point, in the city of Baltimore, voluntarily maketh oath, that the following statement is just and true:

In the beginning of May last, my three children, a boy of seven, and two girls, the one five, and the other three years of age, were taken very ill, nearly at the same time, of a common fever, as I then supposed; but was soon convinced the disorder was caused by worms. They were frequently troubled with convulsion fits, and violent startings in their sleep, and with almost continual vomiting and purging, particularly the youngest. I made immediate application to a physician of the first reputation, and his medicines were administered with a confidence of success, which only increased our disappointment. The children grew daily worse, and I was absolutely without hopes of their recovery. The youngest soon appeared almost devoid of animation, and scarcely an inhabitant of this world. In this distressing moment, I was told that Hamilton's worm destroying Lozenges had performed many cures in cases equally desperate. I immediately purchased a box, and gave each of them a dose, which in a few hours produced the most desirable effects. The eldest voided a great number of very large worms, and the second thousands of small ones, many of them not a quarter of an inch—in the youngest they seemed to be consumed, and had the appearance of skin and slimy matter. I repeated the dose agreeable to the paper of directions, and they all speedily recovered a good state of health, which they still enjoy, though five months have nearly elapsed since they were on the borders of the grave, and the death of the whole seemed to be inevitable.

J. SMITH.

Sworn before me, the 26th day of Sept. 1799.

Philadelphia, August 5, 1806.

To H. LEE.

Some time last spring, I was afflicted with loss of appetite, giddiness in the head, fever, and great debility, so that I could scarcely walk. In this distressing situation I took many things, but without benefit. An acquaintance in the country sent to me to procure a box of Hamilton's Lozenges. Curiosity prompted me to read the directions, where I found my complaint exactly described by the doctor. I immediately sent for another box of the Lozenges, and took one dose, which brought away a large quantity of worms, and I felt greatly relieved. Encouraged by this, I took another dose, which was attended with the happiest effects, as it relieved me entirely, and am now in a better state of health than for a considerable time past. I have since given them to my children, and can speak from experience, that they are a most valuable medicine, and am happy to add my testimony to numberless others of their efficacy.

SARAH JOHNSON,
No. 140, north Second street.

Among the symptoms attending worms are, disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—bad and corrupted gums—itching in the nose and about the seat—convulsions, epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech—irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious—purging, with slimy and fetid stools—vomiting—large and hard belly—pains and sickness at the stomach—pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits—slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—a dry cough—excessive thirst—sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms, should have immediate recourse to HAMILTON'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

ITCH CURED

HAMILTON'S LOZENGES,

Are sold in Pittsburgh only, by

Anthony Beelen,

FRONT STREET,

Who has constantly for sale,

LEE'S SOVEREIGN OINTMENT, for the Itch, a certain cure by once using; *HAMILTON'S ELIXIR*, for coughs; the celebrated *ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS*; *HAMILTON'S ESSENCE OF MUSTARD*, for the rheumatism; *TOOTH ACHE DROPS*; *HAMILTON'S GRAND RESTORATIVE* for debility.

Prevention better than Cure.

In cases of head-ache, foul stomach, and for removing superfluous bile, perhaps no remedy has been discovered superior to

Lee's Hahn's Anti-bilious Pills,

Which for 10 years past have been attended with the greatest success. The testimony of many respectable persons in our southern sea ports has been adduced, who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy during the prevalence of malignant fevers, has preserved their health after experiencing alarming symptoms of fever.

Certificate of Wm. Devenny.

During the last nine years, I have been in the habit of using Hahn's Anti-bilious Pills, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, whenever colds, head-ache, or costiveness have rendered medicine necessary; in these cases a single dose has uniformly removed my head-ache, and has generally been found sufficient to remove every symptom of a cold, if taken on its first appearance. Induced by the benefit I received, I have for years past recommended them to many of my friends, and I have the pleasure to inform you, they have invariably succeeded in removing the above complaints.

Yours, *WM. DEVENNY,*
No. 145, Cherry street, New-York.